

Parts of Speech

ສັນປະ ກອບທອງປະໄຕດາວໂຫຼດ

จากที่น้องๆ ได้เรียนรู้แล้วว่า passage หรือบทความภาษาอังกฤษที่เราใช้เข้ามานั้น ถูกแบ่งออกเป็น 4 ประเภทใหญ่ๆ แล้ว
ต่อไปเราจะต้องมาดูว่าใน 4 ลักษณะ กอน , นั้นคือ word , phrase , clause และ sentence นั้น แต่ละลักษณะนั้นก็ต้องมี
คำหัวและคำขึ้นต้น “ มาตรฐาน part of speech คือสิ่งที่ word , phrase และ clause ที่เราเห็นนั้น คำหัวต้องมีใน
sentence หรือประโยคที่เราให้ไว้ ”

1. Verb នេះ ក្នុង កិច្ចការ នៃសង្គម

~~the other two Verb forms~~ (to) be, have, do, like, work, sing, can, go, try

Ex. English Club is a web site. I like English Club.

Note: ឧបករណ៍ Verb និងពីតែលើកទាំង ១ គឺ (នឹង ១ word)

V-ຕາມກົງຫຼັງນີ້ phrase , ພາສີລາກວ່າ V. phrase ເຖິງ

We have gone. (2 words = phrase) → perfect tense.

Jets have been built in the US. (3 words = phrase)

↳ perfect tense (past) passive voice

~~That police was shot on the street yesterday.~~

adv. of time
v. of place

V. phrase (2 words)

Insgular past tense + passive voice

*ກະ ອົກໍລິນກໍ Verb ຂຶກ້ວ Vi (intransitive Verb) ລະ Vt (Transitive Verb) ມາດຖານ

2. Noun និង Verb

ពេជ្ជទូទាត់ noun n̄u pen, dog, work (inhabitants), music, town, London, Asia

* អាណាព័ត៌មាន ការណ៍ និង រាយការណ៍ (countable n.) និង និង និង (uncountable n.)

พื้นที่นั้น ก. แข็งตัว ก็เก็บกลับมาได้ พื้นที่น้ำแข็งได้ ก็ต้องนำ V. ให้เข้าสู่ระบบ

ຕັ້ງນີ້ ກ. ໜ້າມໄຕ ກົດລົງ 5 ທີ່ອັນນີ້, ນີ້ອໍສະໜັບໃນຫຼຸປະຫຼຸນກົດ, ປິຈໄຕ → ຕັ້ງໃຊ້ກັນ ວ. ເຄກະວົງ
ເກີດຕັ້ງ

Ex : This is my cat. She lives in my home. We are in London.

Note : noun. ໄມ້ຕີ້ວິທະນາ ຍອດ (ດີວິໄມ້ຕີ້ວິທະນາເຄີຍ)

ก. សั่งกราบให้สัก n. phrase ให้ Please pass me that sugar bottle.

* use with n. clause with You are what you eat. What she said is true.

ទទួលអាមេរិកពេលវេលា clause ដែលត្រូវ គិតឡើង + subj + V.
និងការណែនាំ ដែល n. clause ត្រូវរាយក្រារ

"Adj នាមអក្សរខ្លួន noun" នៃចំណាំលេខទាំង 3 នាម នាម n. }
 Adj នាម n. } ព័ត៌មាន 400 សមបញ្ញា
 Adj នាម n. } កំណត់ដោយចំណាំ

ចំណាំទាមទី Adj នឹង a/an / the, some, good, bad, red, boring , interested, interesting , cool, short, round ស្រុក

ເຫັນ ປ່າຍ ວິດວິດ. " Adj ເພີ້ນຕົກສັບຄົກ Subj ແລ້ວຈຳກົດອອກ " ນີ້ວິດ " ຖຸນເຫັນວ່າ Subj ຜົນຮັດວິດ ? "

มัน The book is old. → 书籍老了

The book is black. → ບົກນີ້ເປັນສົກ

The book is cool. → หนังสือเล่มนี้ คูล

The book is boring. → ນີ້ແມ່ນບໍ່ມີໃຫຍ່

The book is colourful. → หนังสือเล่มนี้ สีสันสดใสรื่นตาตา

* នំពីទេ Adj. នំពីទេសចរណ៍ ន. ការបង្កើត → នគរបាលដៃខែក្នុងវិប័យភេទ នំពីទេ

ຕຳແໜ່ນຂອງ Adj. ມີ 2 ປີ່ໜັດໆ ດືອ 1. ນັດ ຕາຄາມ

2. នវ៉ា v. to be

ก้าวที่สอง ที่ทำอ้างในเบอร์บันช์	Adj อยู่ หรือ n.	หลัง v. to be	ก้าวที่สี่ 500 รับรองเจ้าของ
		หลัง n. หลัง v. to be	จะได้รับการตัด ๘

నిన్నను, adj ప్రేమికులుగా word (ప్రేమిగా 1 ది)

នៅមី adj phrase នារ៉ា adj clause ទាំង

ជាកេរចបតាការងន់នឹងកំហែ លវសកម្មក នៅក្នុងពីរិយាយ a dirty old thing

ຕັ້ງນັ້ນ ດັ່ງ ກ. 1 ຕີ່ ຜົບການອະລິການຂະໜາດໄກກ່າວ 1 ອົງການ ເຊັ່ນຕັ້ງການຍົກສຳກັນ ນີ້ ບໍ່ຖືກຢັນຕັ້ງ

ຮັບອຸດ ຄະນະ ນັກທາງ ສົມບັດຕີ ໧ລົມ ເງິນືອັນຫຼັກ Adjective Order ໂດຍບັນ

Adj Order ຈະມີການຈັດເຮັດງານລົງທຶນການທີ່ເປັນ ກ່ອນໄ ໜັ້ນ ຖອນ ຂອງ Adj ຈະໄດ້ຕິດກຸນ ຕັ້ນ;

<u>Article</u>	<u>quality</u>	<u>Size/Length/shape</u>	<u>age</u>	<u>color</u>	<u>participle</u>	<u>nationality</u>	<u>n. ที่น่อง n.</u>	<u>n. หลิน</u>
A	nice	long	old	brown	shining	Italian	leather	jacket

ແລະ ສັກສິດຄູ, ທີ່ຕ້ອງຈຳໃຫ້ອາກ ກຳຄານທີ່ໃຈໝືດ, ນັ້ນສືບ Adjective Clause

ກີດອື່ນ [ທຳກີດອື່ນ + Subj + V] ຂໍ້ອກກິດແກ້ຕົກນີ້, adv ອະນຸຍາວຫຼັນ

A man who came with me twice is my dad.

คำที่บ่งบอกว่ามันเป็นอย่างไรๆ } หนังสือหนึ่ง เรื่อง Cleopatra
ทำให้เกิดความคิดเห็น a man

4. Adverb នីមួយៗ "ក្នុងពាណិជ្ជកម្ម" រាយការណ៍ 3 ចំនួន ដើម្បី verb, និង adj នាមខ្លួន adverb តូចបិទនៅ
 តូចបិទនៅ quickly , silently, well, badly , very , really
 ចាត់ចំនួនវគ្គភាសា My dog eats quickly.
 When he is very hungry, he eats really quickly.
 (adv. និង adj)

នឹងពីរលើគំរូ " Adv. និង V. , Adv. និង Adj ឬ Adv. និង Adv. តូចបិទនៅ"
 សំឡេក 800 របៀប ចាប់ផ្តើមដោយគឺរីបំពី (យករាយ និងសំរាប់ ចាប់ផ្តើមដោយគឺ)

minimum Adverb ឲ្យដើរនិង word (គាន់ចំនួន -ly និងអាមេរិកបំពីគឺ)

* Adverb ឲ្យដើរ Adv. phrase ឬ Adverb clause

សំឡេកចំណែនធមួយ ចាប់ផ្តើមដោយ ការគុណភាពទាំងអស់ Adv. និង តូចបិទ

1. Adv. of manner (ភារិយាយ ឲ្យដើរ -ly) នៅ quickly , beautifully ពីនៅក្នុង
2. Adv. of place នៅ on the desk, in the garden, above the ground
under the tree ពីនៅក្នុង
3. Adv. of time នៅ at 12:34 p.m. , on Monday, in 1975 , at night
in the morning , in the evening ពីនៅពេល

* 4. Adv. of frequency នៅ always, usually, ever , sometimes, seldom, never

ឲ្យដើរ frequency នៅ មាត្រុលិត្តិត្រូវ

Note: Always នៅ adv. of frequency ពាក្យដែលនឹង v.

ឲ្យដើរ always នៅ S បាយនូវរាយ និងរាយចំ S ចាប់ផ្តើមដោយ

ចំណែន ការបិទ We always eat out.
Jane always goes at 17:30. } (៣) !!!

ចំណែន ការបិទ We always eat out. → ចំណែន ឲ្យដើរ និង always ឲ្យដើរ v.

និង Jane always goes at 17:30.

ចំណែន ឲ្យដើរ es និងចំណែន និង ឲ្យដើរ

សំឡេក ឲ្យដើរ adv. phrase ឬ adv. clause

adv. of place

Adv. phrase តើក្នុងគំរូ ការងារ និង ឲ្យដើរ adv. នៅ Alone in the house, I have lived here for 5 months.

Being late for 15 minutes, we apologize for that.

↳ adv. of time

នៅ Adv. clause តើអាជីវិត + Subj + V តើការងារ និង adverb នៅ

She cries because she cut her finger herself.

Mess completed his jobs although he has less time. ពីនៅពេល

- S. Prasong หรือ คำสัมรรถนาม คือคำที่ทำหน้าที่แยกคำอุปนิ
ค่าไม่ต้องมี Prasong ถึงจะเป็นต้องควรจะต้องคำนำมานั้น ๆ ซึ่งต้อง
ตัวอักษร เช่น วิชัยออกจากบ้าน วิชัย เดอะ Prasong วิชัย เป็นเจ้า Prasong วิชัย นั้น Prasong
วิชัย ไม่ได้เป็นเจ้า วิชัย แต่เป็นเจ้า วิชัย ของ Prasong

ព័ត៌មាននេះ passage ទី២នា Wichai leaved home. He met Jerome. By the way he forgot to bring his mobile phone with, so his sister lent hers to him.

នៅក្នុង pronoun និងអីដឹងទែ I you we they he she it

ພັກນີ້ ຜົນໃນນີ້ນີ້ ຫຼື ສົກຫາຄວາມທີ່ກ່ອນຮັບຮັງ possessive pronoun ແລະ possessive adjective ຂີ່ໃຫຍ່ຂີ່ຫຼືຈຸດນີ້

๖. Preposition នវេះ គាប់បុណ្យ ការងារទៅមកដោលរកចានិច្ច។
អនីសនី preposition តើជាមានអីដឹងប៉ុណ្ណោះ ដី in on at under
នៅក្នុង preposition នីមួយៗ តើក្នុងការសង្គម កីឡា preposition តាមការបង់ចូកណ៍ 2 ប្រាកាសឱ្យល្អ ដី

- #### 6.1 preposition of place នៅ prep. នៅនៅនៅនៅ នៅ

in - ห้อง

under - අඩුන්

between - strings

๘๙

above - ດັບໃນນີ້

ມະນີວິດີ

at - ଅପ୍ଯନ୍ତ

in front of - នៅមុន

6.2 preposition of time នៅ prep. នឹងនៅលើនៅ

in ປຶ້ມເດືອນ, ຈີ, ພຶ້ມເຄືອຂະວາງນັ້ນຢູ່ 1926 in the morning, in the afternoon, in the evening
in January, in May, in June
in 1997, in 2011, in 2025 ໂັນຕົ້ນ

on 1st January 1826 on Monday, on Friday.

at 2:47 p.m. เก็บตัว

នគរការណ៍ វិធី before , នង after ផ្តល់សម្រាប់

Note: ໍຳເນັດກີ່ prep. of time ຈະນຶກາມນິກິ່ນສົບ adverb of time
ຢູ່ວັນທີໃຫ້ທີ່ກິດແລ້ວກັນຕຽບ

๗. Conjunction หรือ คำวัณฒน์ (คำเชื่อม)

ກຳເນັດທີ່ເຮືອນ clause, sentences ນີ້ອໍ words ພັດລັງກົນ ເຊັ່ນ

Love is a matter of distance between you and me.

Jame is smart , but Jo isn't .

คำสัมภานที่เกี่ยวกับบอยู่ จึงเป็นคำเหล่านี้ : and, but, nor, or, for, so, yet

ຂាយណ៍ passage នៅឱ្យខ្សោយទេ: I likes dogs, and I like cats. I also like parrots and bears
, but I don't like snake and lizard. ពីរុយទេ

๘. Interjection និង short exclamation នវៅកីឡាអាសយដ្ឋាន អំពីការកែហេតុនាំរៀង

พื้น เสื่อ ปู๊ด ว่าย วิว หากเป็นตีกางเกงกุด บี๊บัน oh! ouch! hi! well shit! fuck!

ក្រុមសង្គម
ប្រជាជននាមត្រូវ *

ஓந்துவிடுவது மிக மலைத்துப்பட்டது !

Hi! what happens?

Well, I know that. นี่อื้น

ພັນ້ນ ນັ້ນ ຕ່ອງຊື່ part of speech ໃຫ້ເກີນ ໂມວ່າວ່ານັດຈະຕ່າງ phrase, clause ແລ້ວ sentences ໄດ້ກົດຕົວ
ຈັບປັດເດືອນໄດ້ ກ່າວໃນຫຼຸງກຳລູສຕິ ດັບປຸ່ນໂຄ ນໍ້ອປົກໂຄກນີ້ ປະກອບຕັ້ນ part of speech ດີວ່າເປົ້າ?

ໃຈຫຍໍາ? ຕ່ານທຸກໄດ້? ອຳໄດ້ກວດຢ່າງ?

ຝຶກຍົນທກວັນຄຽບ ທີ່ອໍາຕ້ານໄອງເລືອ

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